Year 1		Autur	nn 1		А	utumi	n 2		Spring	1		Spring	2	Sumn	ner 1	Summ	er 2
Core Texts	Classic stories Whatever next	Moder n stories How to catch a star	Moder n stories Room on a broom	Trad tales Little red riding hood	Modern stories Huglass Duglass	Moder n stories The Gecko and the echo	Classic stories The Tiger who came to tea by Judith Kerr	Tradition al tales Rapunzel	Classic stories The paper bag princess by Robert Munisch	Non- fiction See inside Castles usbourne	Modern stories Hair love by matthew Cherry	Traditio nal tales Rumpel stiltskin	Classic stories Mrs. Armitage Queen of the road.	Modern stories Sharing a shell by Julia Donaldso n	Non- fiction The big book of blue	Classic stories Lighthouse keeper's lunch	Traditio nal tales The hare and the tortoise
Writing Outcomes	Drawing club Drawing c					ub					Writing to describ e setting Sentenc es to describe the rock pool	Writin g to infor m Sentec es about sharks	Writing to describe character Sequence d Sentences to describe the lighthouse	Writin g to recout events sequen ced senten ces to retell the story			
Grammar Focus	Consister	ntly use <u>ar</u>	<u>nd</u> to join	two sen	tences.					es) ffixes where	e the root v	vork is und	changed	Write sen	tences tha	keeper change the m t are single clang conjunction	iuse.
Punctuatio n focus			•		y and accu narcate sen	•		Begin to u	•	ns marks an	id exclama	tion marks	3			curately (capita on marks and	
Poetry	Modern F Festival po Smile out	oems by Br						<u> </u>						1			

Core Texts	Traditional Tales Anansi the Spider 4 wks Gerald McDermott	Modern Stories Lila and the Secret of Rain 3 wks David Conway	Non-Fiction Roar! 3 wks National Geographic	Modern Stories Meerkat Mail 4 wks Emily Gravett	Classic Stories Paddington and the Palace 4wks Michael Bond	Traditional Tales 3 wks The Elves and the Shoemaker	Classic Sto The Twits Roald Dahl 2 wks + 3		Modern Stories 2 wks Jabari Jumps by Gaia Cornwall	Non-Fiction 3wks Amelia Earhart, Little people, big dreams	Classic Stories The Owl who was afraid of the Dark 3 wks Jill Tomlin son	
Writing Outcome s	Writing to describe – setting –- Description of the desert setting -Letters to characters	Writing to recount events – Character description Recount of events in role as Lila	Writing to inform – Information text about an African big cat	Writing to narrate – character description of a spider Write story in own words	Writing to narrate - Character description (immersion) New Paddington adventure story	Writing to recount events – diary – * Diary in role as a character	Writing to instruct Instructio ns for worm spaghetti	writing to narrate – Descriptio n of Mr or Mrs Twit Write their own Chapter	Writing to narrate – Retell section of the story in own words	Writing to inform Fact file about Amelia Earhart	Writing to persuade – Letter to plop about how not to be afraid PSED – letter to yourself about moving to KS3	
Gramma r Focus	 (year 1) Use coor (and, but) Use some sentence Write diff sentence Identify (and the property) Use the property (year 1) 	dinating conjunct) e subordinating of s (because) ferent forms of s s, question sentenouns, verbs and present and past ole present.	sentences Use some since clause sent write differences, sentences Use expanispecificati Identify no sentences Begin to uu Use the pre	nating conjunct (and, but, or) subordinating conjunct (and, but, or) subordinating contents (because, rent forms of sequestion senter aded noun phratical on (adjectives) uns, verbs, adjectives adverbs (timesent and past tilly – simple past	onjunctions in when, if) ntences – statences, commar ses for descrictives and advance) ense correctly	multi- mement nd iption and verbs in	 Use coordinating conjunctions in multi-clause sentences (and, but, or) Use some subordinating conjunctions in multi-clause sentences (because, when, if) Write different forms of sentences – statement sentences, question sentences, exclamation sentences, command sentences Use expanded noun phrases for description and specification (adjectives) Identify nouns, verbs, adjectives and adverbs in sentences Begin to use adverbs (time and manner) Use the present and past tense correctly and consistently, including the past and present progressive form. 					
Punctuat ion focus	the week, Use capit	and for the perso	ies of people, places onal pronoun <i>I (year</i> ops and question m	1)	demarcate	letters, full stop sentences rophes for cont	•		 Use capital letters, full stops and question marks to demarcate sentences Begin to use exclamation marks when required Use commas to separate items in a list Use apostrophes for contracted forms Begin to use apostrophes for singular possession 			

Poetry	Modern Poetry – 1 week Zim Zam Zoom James Carter	

Core Texts	Picture Fiction / Traditional Tales The True Story of the Three Little Pigs Jon Scieszka	Non-Fiction Volcanoes National Geographic Kids	Modern St Claude in th Alex T Smit	he City	Traditional Tancient Egypt: and Pharoahs Marica Willian	Tales of Gods	Classic Stories The Iron Man Ted Hughes		Non-Fiction Are you What you eat? DK	Picture Fiction The Lost Happy Endings Carol Ann Duffy	Modern Str No 1 Car Sp Atinuke	
Writing Outcomes	Writing to narrate Own alternative version of a trad tale	Writing to inform Non-chron report about volcanoes	Writing to describe character Description of Claude	Writing to recount events - diary Diary entry in role as Claude	Writing to narrate – Section of the story from someone else's perspective e.g. Horus	Writing to inform Fact file about an Egyptian pharaoh	Writing to describe – setting Description of opening setting	Writing to recount events Letter recounting part of the story e.g. in role as Hogarth	Writing to persuade Leaflet promoting healthy eating	Writing to narrate – Own ending to the story, including dialogue?	Writing to instruct Instructions linked to text e.g. recipe	Writing to describe character Description of No 1
Grammar Focus	 but, or) (year and the sentences (be) Write different question sentences (ye) Use expanded (adjectives) (ye) Identify noun (year 2) Begin to use and the present production including the 	pordinating conjuncti cause, when, if) (year at forms of sentences ences, exclamation so ar 2) d noun phrases for de	using a wisubordina Use adver and cause Write differ sentences, command Identify not sentences Use the progressiv Use headin	erent forms of ser question sentend sentences (year 2 buns, verbs, adjec	njunctions and while) Ins to express to express to express to express to execute (es, exclamation) It ives and advertises and present and present execute (exclamation) It is a contractly and exclamation (exclamation) It is a contractly and exclamation (exclamation) It is a contractly and exclamation (exclamation) It is a contractly ex	ces by time, place nent n sentences, bs in nd t	a wider ran clauses (Y2 Use advert and cause phrases) Explain th clause Identify no sentences Use the proconsistentl progressive Begin to usinstead of Use headin	nge of conjunct 2 + so, while, un pos or preposition (including pre- e difference be the uns, verbs, adjourns, verbs, adjourns, verbs, adjourns, verbs, adjourns, verbs, adjourns, verbs, including the e form. (year 2) use the present the simple pangs and sub-hear	persons to express to expositional and extreme a phrametrives and advitense correctly e past and pression to perfect form	rdinate time, place d adverbial ase and a verbs in v and sent a of verbs presentation		

Punctuation focus	 Use capital letters, full stops and question marks to demarcate sentences (year 2) Begin to use exclamation marks when required (year 2) Use commas to separate items in a list (year 2) Use apostrophes for contracted forms (year 2) Use apostrophes for singular possession 	 Use apostrophes for singular possession Use inverted commas to punctuate direct speech – a single piece of speech. 	 Use apostrophes for singular possession Use inverted commas to punctuate direct speech – a back and forth conversation.
Poetry	Modern Poetry Hot like Fire Valerie loom		

Year 4	Autur	nn 1	Autu	mn 2	Spri	ng 1	Spr	ing 2	Sumi	mer1	Sum	mer 2
Core Texts	Picture Fiction Farther Grahame Baker- Smith	Roman Army Romans on the				Picture Fiction Flood! Alvaro F Villa	Modern Sto Operation G Malorie Blad	Gadgetman	Traditional Firebird Saviour Piro		Classic Stories The Firework Maker's Daughter Phillip Pullman	
Writing Outcomes	Writing to narrate - dialogue Conversation between the boy and his dad	Writing to instruct Write instructions making a tortoise formation.	Writing to persuade Persuasive speech e.g. someone to join the army, become a charioteer etc.	Writing to narrate Retell part of the story from a different perspective	Writing to inform Information text about rivers	Writing to recount events - journalistic Newspaper article retelling events from the story	Writing to describe - setting Description of one of the settings e.g. Dad's shed	Writing to recount events - diary Diary entry in role as Beans	Writing to describe - character Character description e.g. Prince Ivan	Writing to narrate Write own version of the traditional tale	Writing to persuade Letter from Lila to her father for him to let her be a firework maker	Writing to describe - character Description of Lila
Grammar focus	 Extend the ran range of conjununtil) (year 3) Use adverbs or (including prepention) Explain the difficient of the present including the post. Use the present past. Use paragraph Use a range of adjectives, not choose nouns sentences for 	a wider r. clauses (\) Use parage Use a ran adjective Use front (time, ma) Use the p consisten form. (yea) Choose n across ser repetition Use the p simple pa	resent and past to tly, including the ar 2) ouns or pronouna ntences for clarity resent perfect for	tions and subo s,) e ideas around noun phrases eposition phrasunctuated with ense correctly a past and present s appropriately and cohesion,	a theme (modifying ses) a comma nd nt progressive within and and to avoid ead of the	using a v subordir before) Use para (modifyi phrases) Use fron (time, m Use the consister progress Choose and acrot to avoid	ted adverbials anner and place present and partitly, including sive form. (year nouns or proness sentences for repetition present perfec	ulti-clause sen conjunctions a conjunctions a 2, Y3 + althou anise ideas arc ed noun phrase nouns and prepunctuated with the past and prepunctuated with past and prepuns approprior clarity and confidence in the past and prepuns approprior clarity and confidence in the past and proprior clarity and confidence in the proprior clarity and conf	ound a theme ses eposition with a comma ctly and oresent ately within cohesion, and			

Punctuation focus	 Use apostrophes for singular possession (year 3) Use inverted commas to punctuate direct speech – a back and forth conversation. (year 3) 	 Use apostrophes for singular possession (year 3) Use inverted commas and start/end punctuation to indicate direct speech (single speech and back and forth conversation) 	Identify and use a range of determiners in sentences Use apostrophes for plural possession Use inverted commas, start/end punctuation, new speaker new line and comma after reporting clause to indicate direct speech (single speech and back and forth conversation)
Poetry	Modern Poetry Jelly Boots, Smelly Boots or On the Move Michael Rosen		

Year 5	Autu	mn 1	Au	tumn 2	Spi	ring 1	Spr	ing 2	Sun	nmer 1	Su	Summer 2	
Core Texts	Modern Stor The Explorer Katherine Run		Non-Fiction Rainforests Where on earth series Earth series Where on the Great of Kapok Tree Lynne Cherry Cherry		Modern Stories How to Train Your Dragon (Cressida Cowell)		Traditional Tales Beowulf Michael Morpurgo		Classic stories Harry Potter & the Philosopher Stone JK Rowling			Non-fiction Shackleton's journey William Grill	
Writing Outcomes	Writing to describe - setting Description of the rainforest setting	Writing to narrate Section of the story from another character's perspective	Writing to inform Non-chron report about rainforests	Writing to persuade - Persuasive speech against deforestation	Writing to describe – character Description of Hiccup	Writing to instruct Instructions for how to catch a dragon	Writing to recount events - journalisti c News article about Beowulf and his heroics	Writing to narrate Sequel story e.g. Beowulf and the Dragon of the Sea	Writing to describe - character Descriptio n of a key character e.g. Harry / Hagrid	Writing to inform Detailed fact file about Quidditch	Writing to narrate Write own end to the story	Writing to recount events - diary Diary entry in role as Shackleton	
Grammar Focus	range of coalthough, s Use parage Use a range adjectives, Use fronte manner and Use the princluding to Choose not sentences (year 4) Use the princluding to Use the princluding to Link ideas	onjunctions and since, as, before) * raphs to organise le of expanded no nouns and prepo d adverbials pund d place) (year 4) esent and past te the past and presouns or pronouns for clarity and col esent perfect forr	subordinate cla year 4) – vary is ideas around a boun phrases (mosition phrases) ctuated with a count of the correctly are ent progressive appropriately is the sion, and to come of verbs instead determiners in the count of the count	the position a theme (year 4) odifying (year 4) comma (time, and consistently, form. (year 2) within and across avoid repetition and of the simple sentences (year	wider ran (Y2, Y3 + position Use relat where, Use the p consisten form. (yea use mod possibilit Link ideas place and Use the p	al verbs or adve	-clause sentence ns and subordin as, before) *year inning with wh tense correctly a past and prese erbs to indicate this using adverte e choices	ate clauses 4) – vary the o, which, and nt progressive degrees of pials of time,	where, Use m possib Use th consis progre Build cohes prepo Link ic time, p Begin	when, whose odal verbs or illity e present and tently, including essive form. (y cohesion with ive devices (a sitional phradeas across papalace and num to use the positional verbs.)	adverbs to ind d past tense cong the past ar rear 2) hin a paragra adverbials, pr ses, conjunct iragraphs usin hber or tense o	orrectly and and present orneutly and present orneu	

Punctuati on focus	•	Use apostrophes for plural possession (year 4) Use inverted commas, start/end punctuation, new speaker new line and comma after reporting clause to indicate direct speech (single speech and back and forth conversation) (year 4) Use comma after a subordinate clause at the start of a sentence.	•	Use inverted commas, start/end punctuation, new speaker new line and comma after reporting clause to indicate direct speech (single speech and back and forth conversation) (year 4) Use comma after a subordinate Use commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity, (mark phrases and clauses) Use commas to indicate parenthesis	•	Use inverted commas, start/end punctuation, new speaker new line and comma after reporting clause to indicate direct speech (single speech and back and forth conversation) (year 4) Use comma after a subordinate Use commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity, (mark phrases and clauses) Use brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis
Poetry	Мо	odern Poetry on Juice te Wakeling				

Year 6	Autu	mn 1	Autu	mn 2	Spr	ing 1	Spr	ing 2	Sumr	ner 1	Sum	mer 2
Core Texts	Classic Stories Goodnight Mr Tom Michelle Magorian World War 2. National Geographic series. Picture fiction Rose Blanche lan McEwen Modern Stories Stormbreaker Anthony Horowitz Shakespeare Macbeth William Shakespeare					speare	Traditional myths The Orchard Greek Myths (Geraldine Mo	Modern Sto Who let the Maz Evans				
Writing Outcomes	Writing to narrate Section of the story from Mister Tom's perspective	Writing to recount events - diary Diary in role as Willie	Writing to inform Non-chron report on aspect(s) of the war.	Writing to describe - setting Description of setting e.g. opening scene	Writing to describe - character Character description of Alex Rider	Writing to persuade Persuasive letter of application to be a spy	Writing to narrate Opening section as a detailed narrative	Writing to recount events - journalistic Newspaper article linked to events e.g. death of Duncan	Writing to inform Information text about Greek gods & goddesses	Writing to narrate Own Greek- inspired myth e.g. defeating the monster	Writing to persuade Persuasive speech by Virgo e.g. to persuade the gods to let her go to earth	Writing to narrate Own section of the story including dialogue
Grammar Focus	Use modal verbs or adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility (year 5) Use verb tenses consistently and correctly throughout writing. Use a wider range of cohesive devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs e.g. adverbials, pronouns, prepositional phrases, repetition of a word or phrase, grammatical connections e.g. ellipsis Use the perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of time and cause Choose and use structures typical of informal speech and writing, and formal speech and writing				 Informa Use the and cau Choose writing, Use a ra across p phrases, connect Use exp 	perfect form of se and use structu and formal speedinge of cohesive aragraphs e.g. a repetition of a ions e.g. ellipsis	verbs to mark rela res typical of infor ech and writing devices to build c adverbials, pronou word or phrase, gr	 Use passive verbs to affect the presentation of information in a sentence Use the perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of time and cause Explain and use the subjunctive form Choose and use structures typical of informal speech and writing, and formal speech and writing Use a wider range of cohesive devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs e.g. adverbials, pronouns, prepositional phrases, repetition of a word or phrase, grammatical connections e.g. ellipsis Use expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely 				
Punctuation Focus	 Use inverted commas, start/end punctuation, new speaker new line and comma after reporting clause to indicate direct speech (single speech and back and forth conversation) (year 4) Use comma after a subordinate (year 5) Use commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity, (mark phrases and clauses) (year 5) 				 Use semi-colons and dashes to mark the boundary between independent clauses Use a colon to introduce a list and use semi-colons within lists Punctuate bullet points consistently Use hyphens to avoid ambiguity 				 Use semi-colons, colons and dashes to mark the boundary between independent clauses Use a colon to introduce a list and use semi-colons within lists Punctuate bullet points consistently Use hyphens to avoid ambiguity 			

	Use brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis (year 5) Use a colon to introduce a list and use semicolons within lists Punctuate bullet points consistently
Poetry	Modern Poetry Talkiing Turkeys, football Mad etc Benjamin Zephaniah / Overheard in a tower block Joseph Coelho